

 **OUTDATED**

StarWind Virtual SAN®

Asynchronous Replication.

Configuring Scheduled Snapshots

JUNE 2015

TECHNICAL PAPER



Trademarks

“StarWind”, “StarWind Software” and the StarWind and the StarWind Software logos are registered trademarks of StarWind Software. “StarWind LSFS” is a trademark of StarWind Software which may be registered in some jurisdictions. All other trademarks are owned by their respective owners.

Changes

The material in this document is for information only and is subject to change without notice. While reasonable efforts have been made in the preparation of this document to assure its accuracy, StarWind Software assumes no liability resulting from errors or omissions in this document, or from the use of the information contained herein. StarWind Software reserves the right to make changes in the product design without reservation and without notification to its users.

Technical Support and Services

If you have questions about installing or using this software, check this and other documents first - you will find answers to most of your questions on the [Technical Papers](#) webpage or in [StarWind Forum](#). If you need further assistance, please [contact us](#).

Copyright ©2009-2015 StarWind Software Inc.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written consent of StarWind Software.

In 2016, Gartner named StarWind “Cool Vendor for Compute Platforms”.

Gartner does not endorse any vendor, product or service depicted in its research publications, and does not advise technology users to select only those vendors with the highest ratings or other designation. Gartner research publications consist of the opinions of Gartner's research organization and should not be construed as statements of fact. Gartner disclaims all warranties, expressed or implied, with respect to this research, including any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

About StarWind

StarWind is a pioneer in virtualization and a company that participated in the development of this technology from its earliest days. Now the company is among the leading vendors of software and hardware hyper-converged solutions. The company's core product is the years-proven StarWind Virtual SAN, which allows SMB and ROBO to benefit from cost-efficient hyperconverged IT infrastructure. Having earned a reputation of reliability, StarWind created a hardware product line and is actively tapping into hyperconverged and storage appliances market. In 2016, Gartner named StarWind “Cool Vendor for Compute Platforms” following the success and popularity of StarWind HyperConverged Appliance. StarWind partners with world-known companies: Microsoft, VMware, Veeam, Intel, Dell, Mellanox, Citrix, Western Digital, etc

Contents

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| Introduction | 4 |
| Pre-Requisites | 5 |
| Implementing Snapshot Rotation..... | 6 |
| Scheduling Snapshots..... | 13 |
| Summary | 19 |
| Contacts..... | 20 |

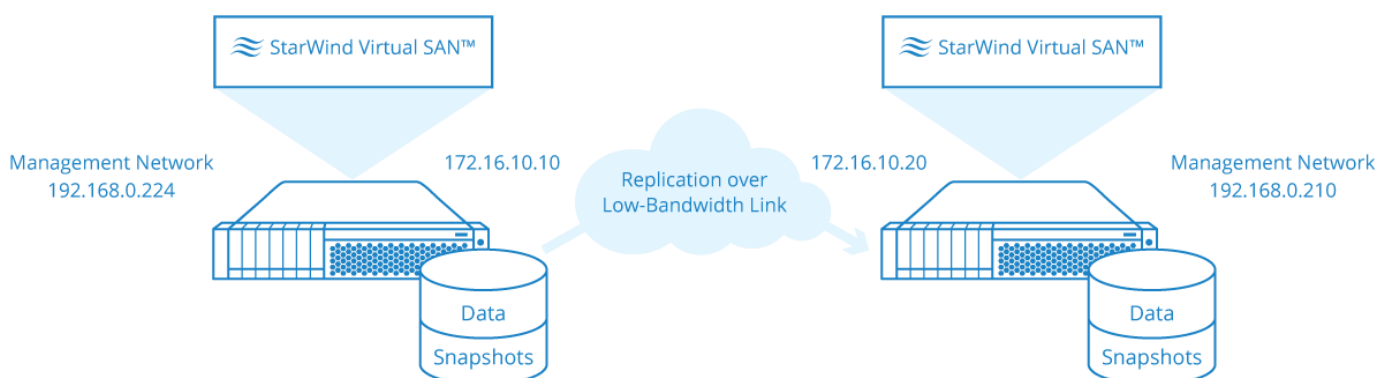
Introduction

A disaster recovery site is crucial for companies that care about their data and it's A MUST for companies which are under regulatory requirements. On-site Redundancy (RAID, Synchronous Mirroring, etc.) does not guarantee data protection from hurricanes, floods and earthquakes that could completely destroy the primary datacenter. StarWind provides asynchronous replication functionality for maximum data security.

The combination of StarWind data-compression and replication technologies eliminate the issues of high cost, performance impacting and data integrity typical with conventional DR implementations. Allowing installation to take place in the cloud VM for DR purposes and moving the replication and data compression to the background, it prevents the common pitfalls found in traditional DR solutions.

This document is intended for StarWind users who want to learn asynchronous replication deployment and the basic snapshot management. It describes the process in details, being a comprehensive step-by-step instruction, good for beginner users as well as seasoned professionals.

A full set of up-to-date technical documentation can always be found [here](#), or by pressing the Help button in the StarWind Management Console. For any technical inquiries please visit [our online community](#), [Frequently Asked Questions page](#), or use the [support form](#) to contact our technical support department.



Pre-Requisites

Asynchronous replication presumes that a certain number of data snapshots will be stored on a disaster recovery node. It also creates a need in rotating these snapshots, since administrator can run out of space on the server making it impossible to create new snapshots. This procedure must be as automated as possible to avoid any possibility of human error. 3 key statements are pointed out below:

- administrator should know how many snapshots he wants to have available all the time;
- administrator should know how often he wants to take snapshots;
- administrator should know his production workload to calculate growth of data in snapshots. StarWind snapshots are incremental.

This document explains how to schedule periodical snapshots using Windows Task Manager and StarWindX module. It implies having at least one main node and one replication node, further referred to as disaster recovery node. Please note that ability to take snapshots on the storage level is supported by StarWind Virtual SAN for thick image file.

The documents on creating of the standalone image file and LSFS devices can be found by using the links below:

<https://www.starwindsoftware.com/quick-start-guide-creating-stand-alone-image-file-device-with-starwind-virtual-san>

For general information about asynchronous replication refer to the guide below:

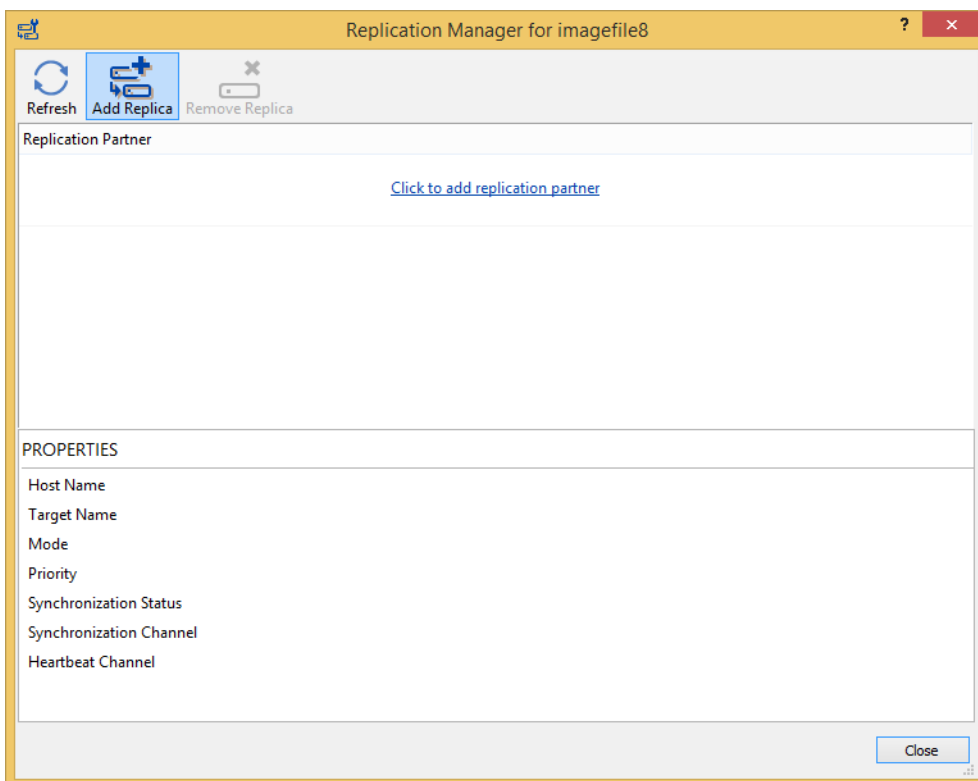
<http://www.starwindsoftware.com/whitepapers/asynchronous-replication.pdf>

Implementing Snapshot Rotation

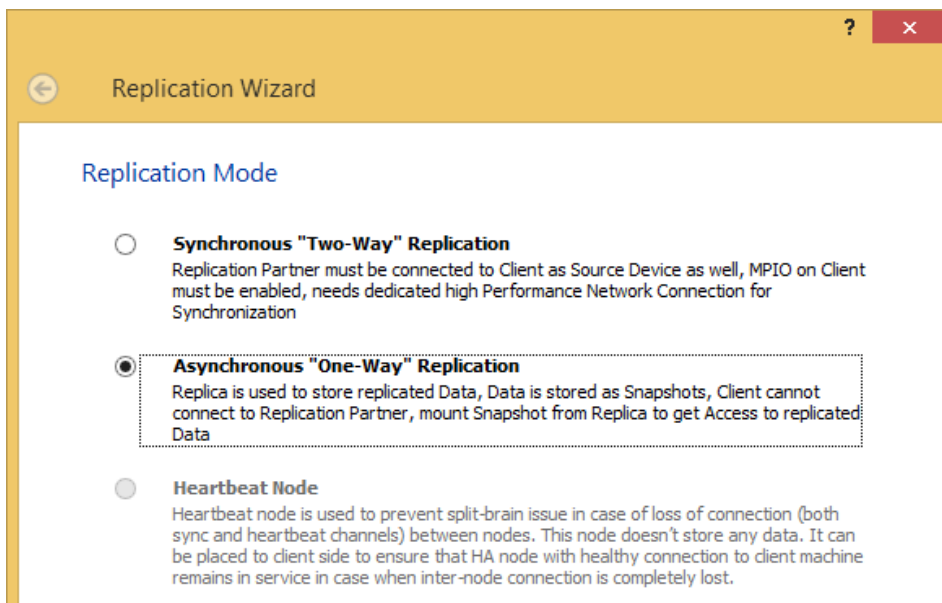
First, in StarWind Management Console create a device and attach it to target. Creating devices and attaching them to targets is described in Quick Start Guide below:

<http://www.starwindsoftware.com/starwind-virtual-san-free-getting-started-guide>

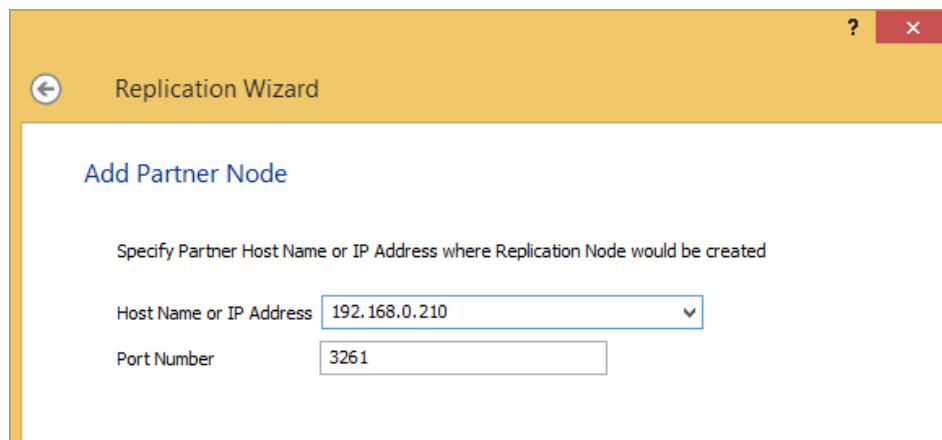
1. Once the device is created, navigate to its replication manager and select “Add Replica”:



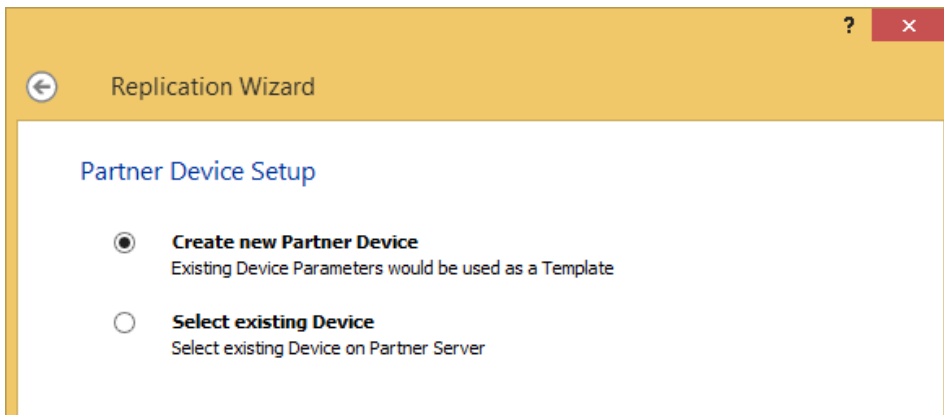
- The next step is to choose "Asynchronous One-Way Replication":



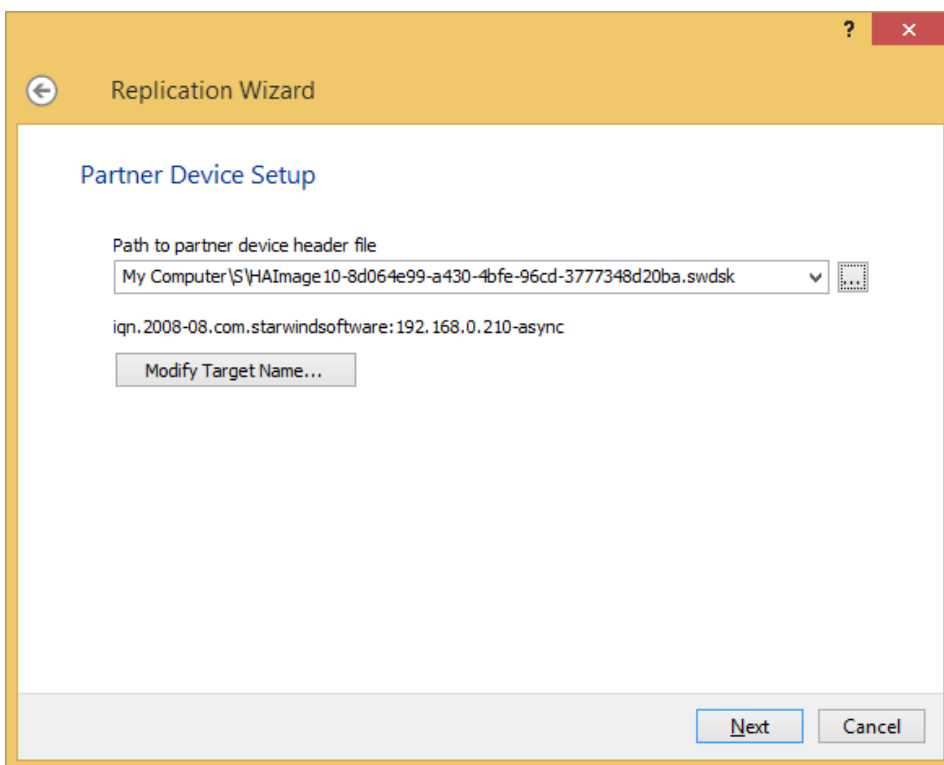
- Type in the hostname or IP of disaster recovery node:



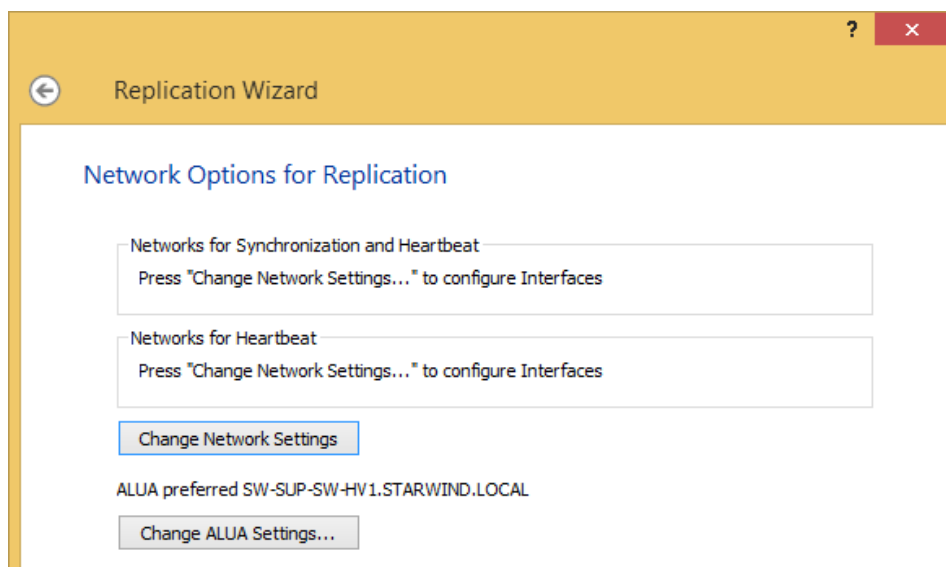
4. Create new partner device:



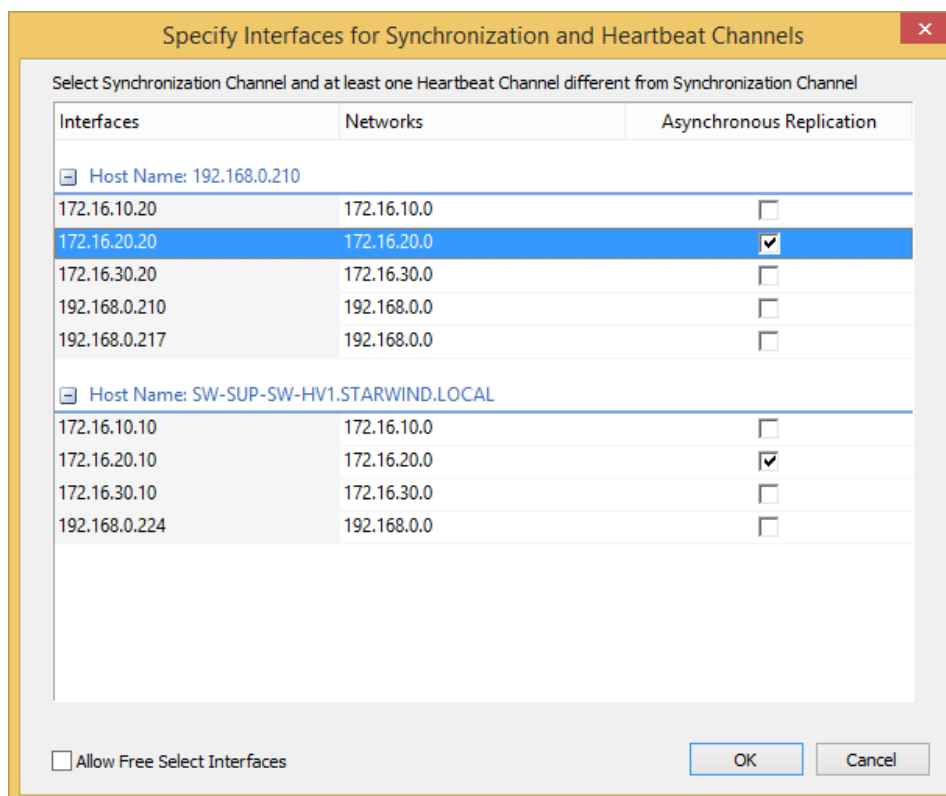
5. Specify path to the partner device header file:



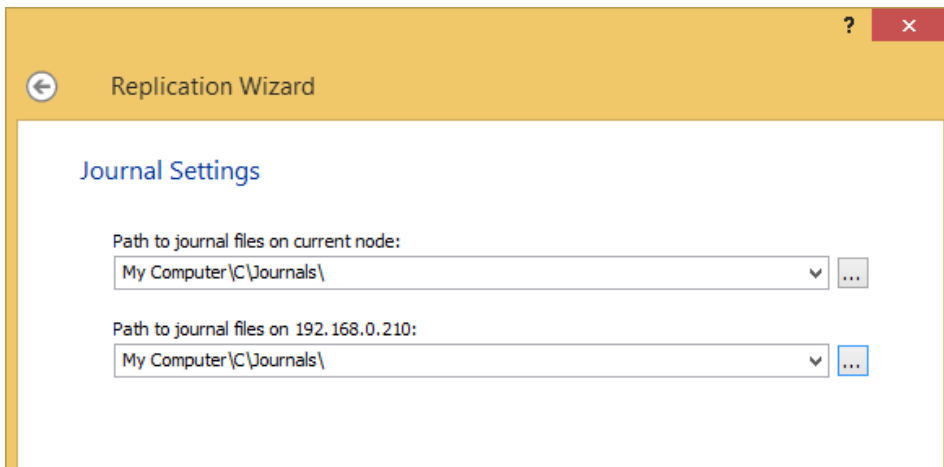
- Click on "Change Network Settings":



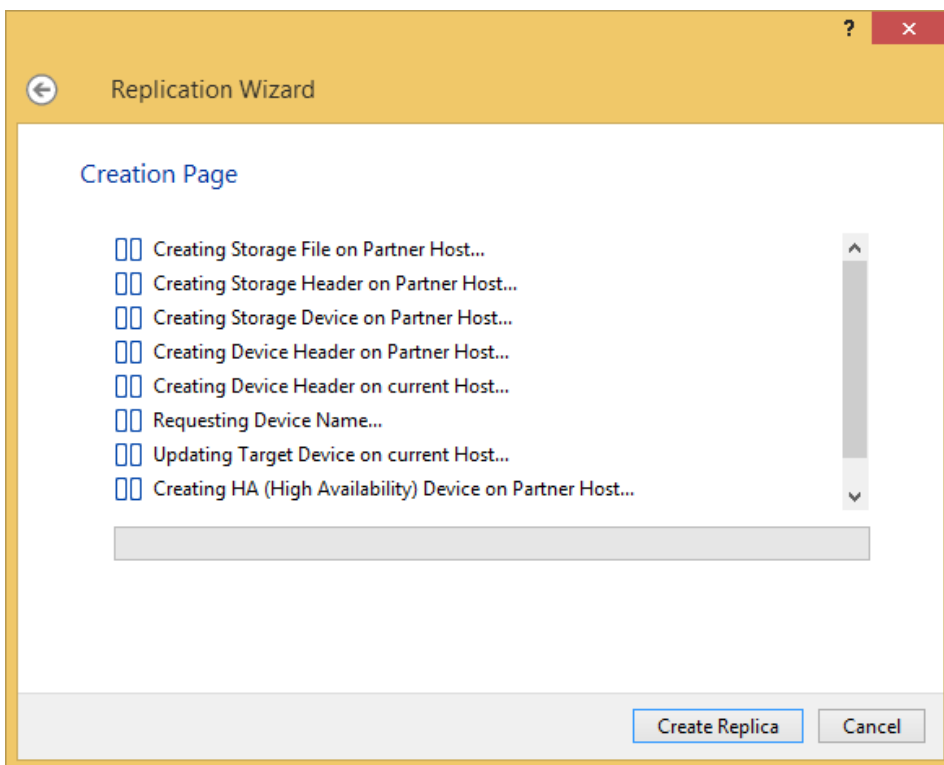
- Specify network interfaces for asynchronous replication:



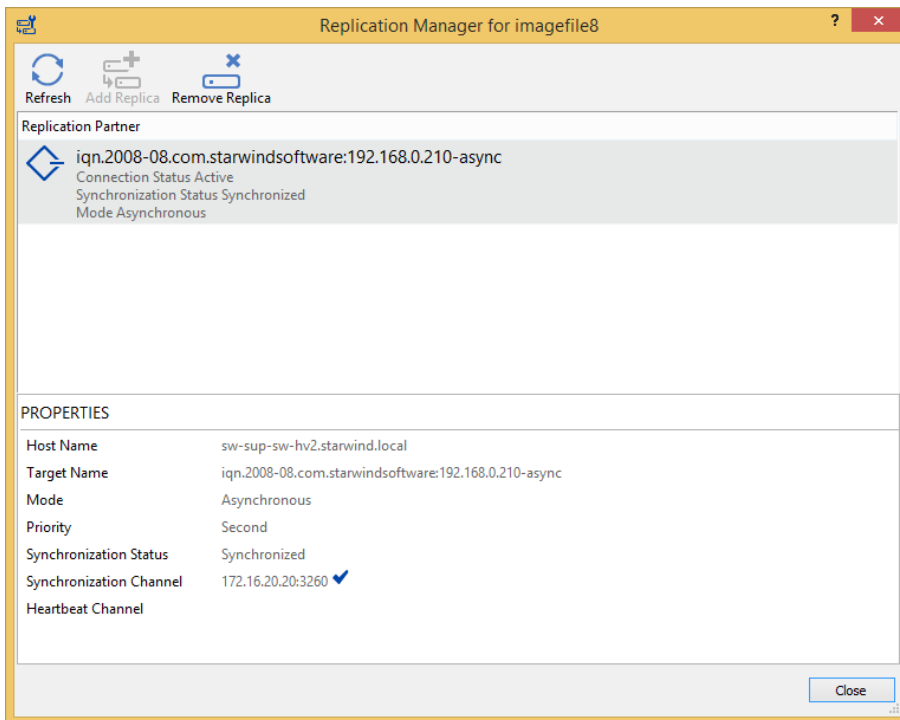
- Specify path to journal files on both nodes:



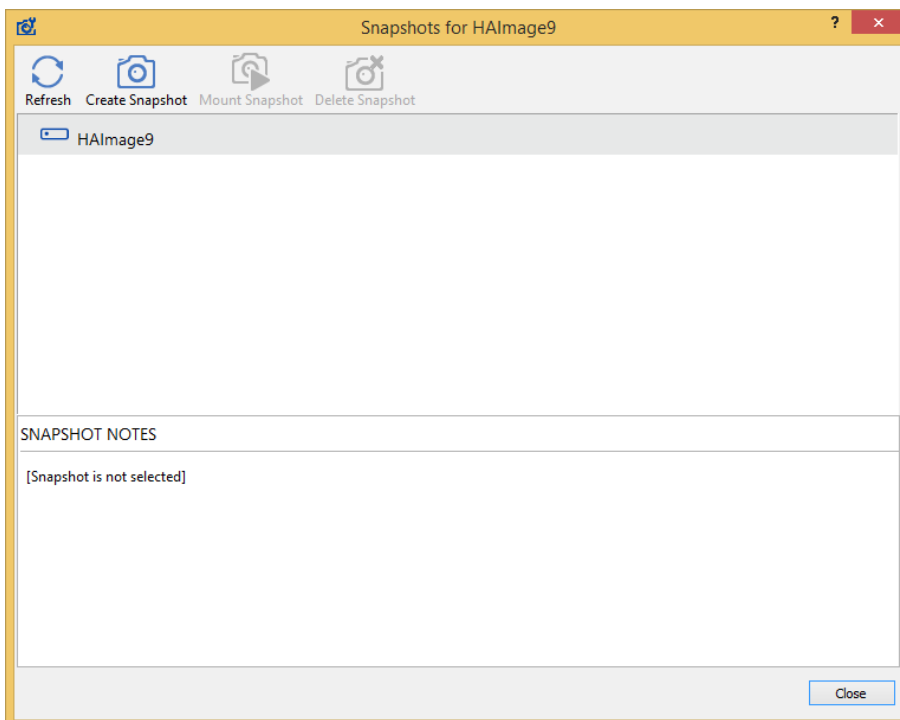
- Create replica:



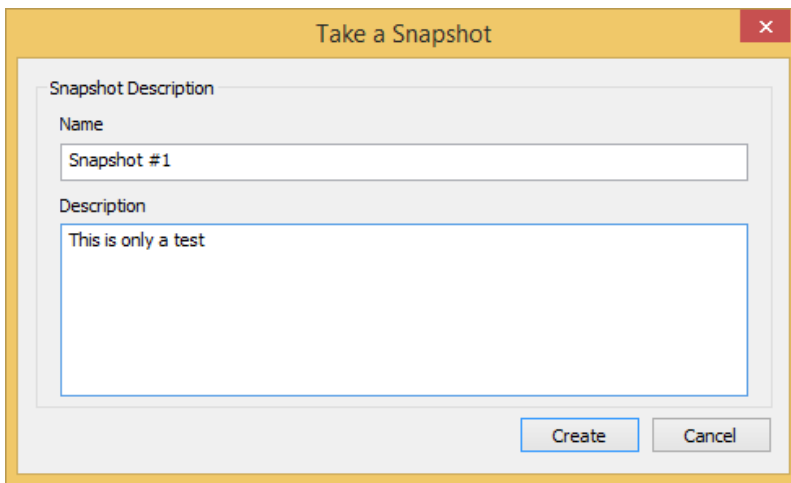
10. Click **finish** to exit the wizard. The following status window will appear:



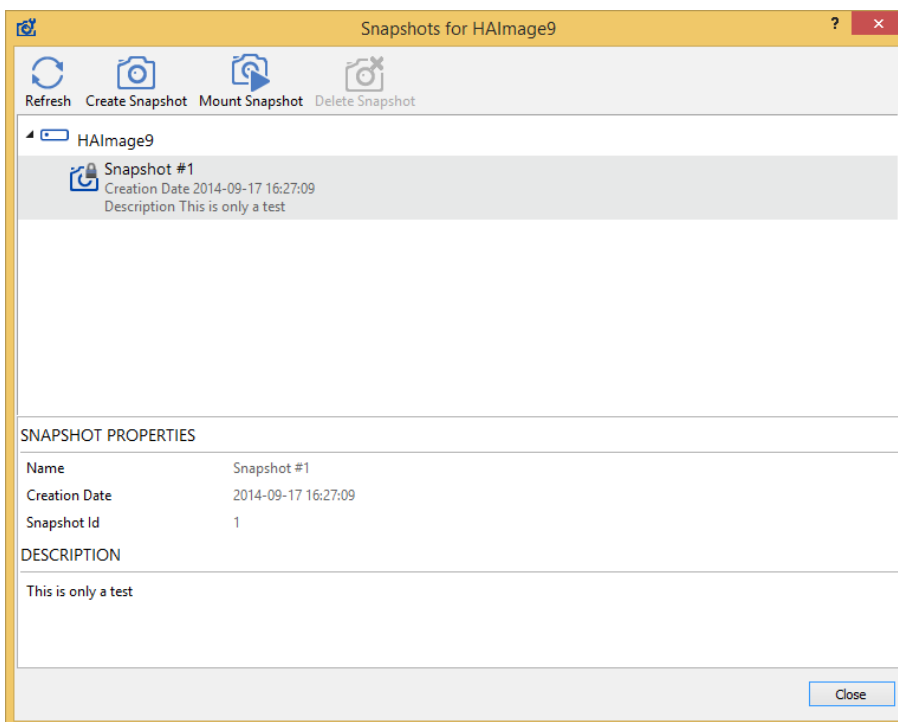
11. Navigate to "Snapshot Manager" menu of your newly created device:



12. Create your first snapshot:



13. The result will look as follows:



14. By clicking on a particular snapshot's "Mount" button it is possible to restore both images on main and disaster recovery nodes to the state when this snapshot was taken.

Scheduling Snapshots

Make sure StarWindX module is installed. It comes with default StarWind installation package.

First, determine how many snapshots you would like to store at a time in order to implement proper snapshot rotation. It is '15' in this case. Download or copy the PowerShell script below: https://www.starwindsoftware.com/tmplink/snapshot_script.ps1

Replace the following with your own parameters:

```
%%main_node_name%%  
%%disaster_recovery_node_name%%  
%%number_of_snapshots%%  
%%device_name%%  
%%replication_device_name%%
```

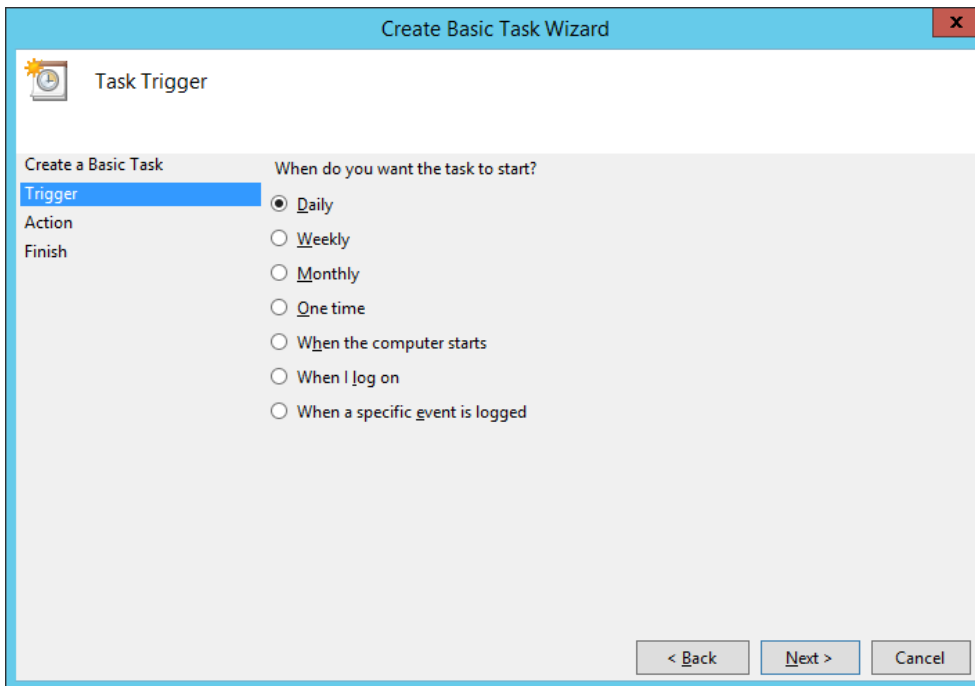
FOR EXAMPLE:

```
mynode1  
mynode2  
15  
HAImage6  
HAImage7
```

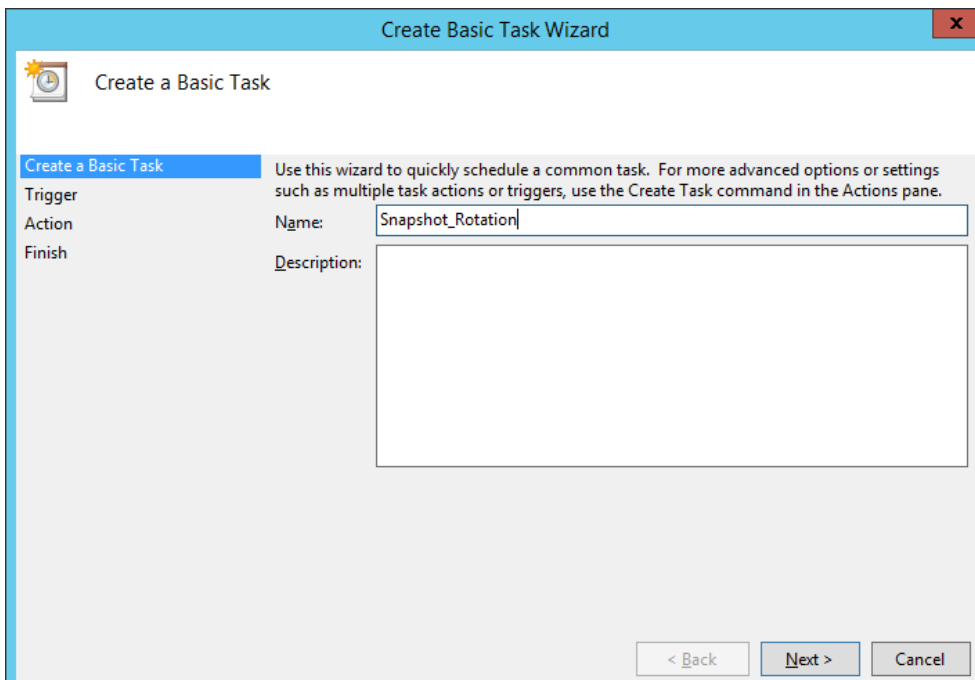
When determining the number of snapshots required, you should note that they are incremental, i.e. every next snapshot is written over the other only by adding modified data on top of it. So, you should consider a higher number of snapshots if data amount on your device increases not too fast. Otherwise, consider a number that is reasonable not to run out of disk space.

Once the script is modified, save it as snapshot_script.ps1 on C:\. Then go to Control Panel > Task Scheduler > Create Basic Task, and follow the wizard steps:

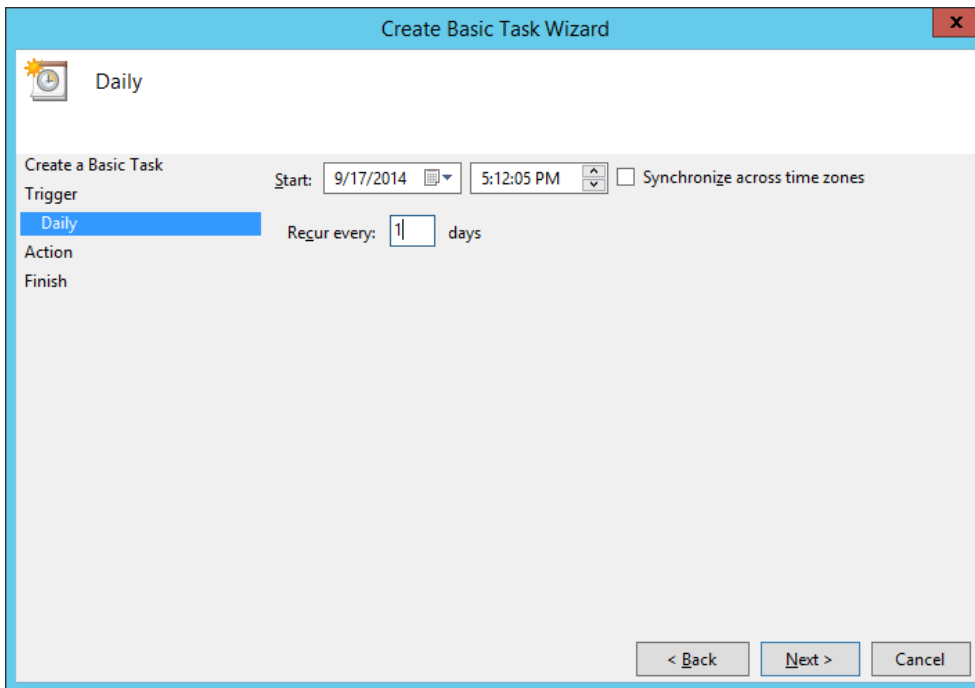
1. Choose Daily and click Next:



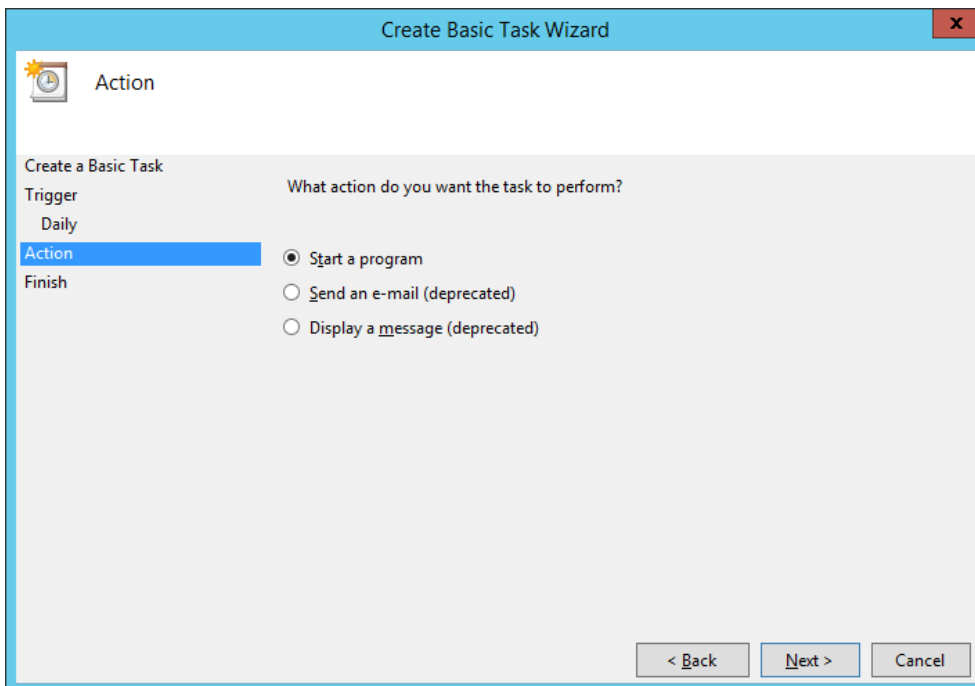
2. Give a name to your task and click Next:



3. Click **Next** again:



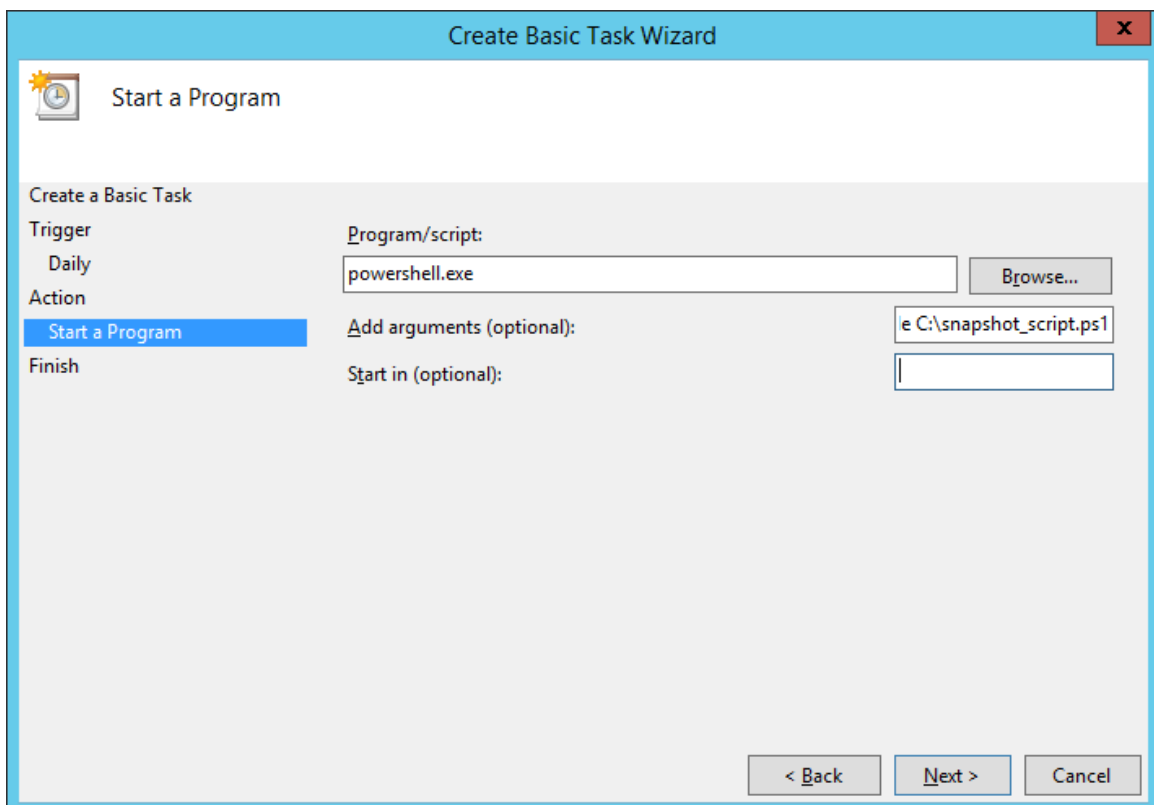
4. Select "Start A Program" and click **Next**:



5. In "Program/script" field indicate "powershell.exe". In "Add arguments" type in the following:

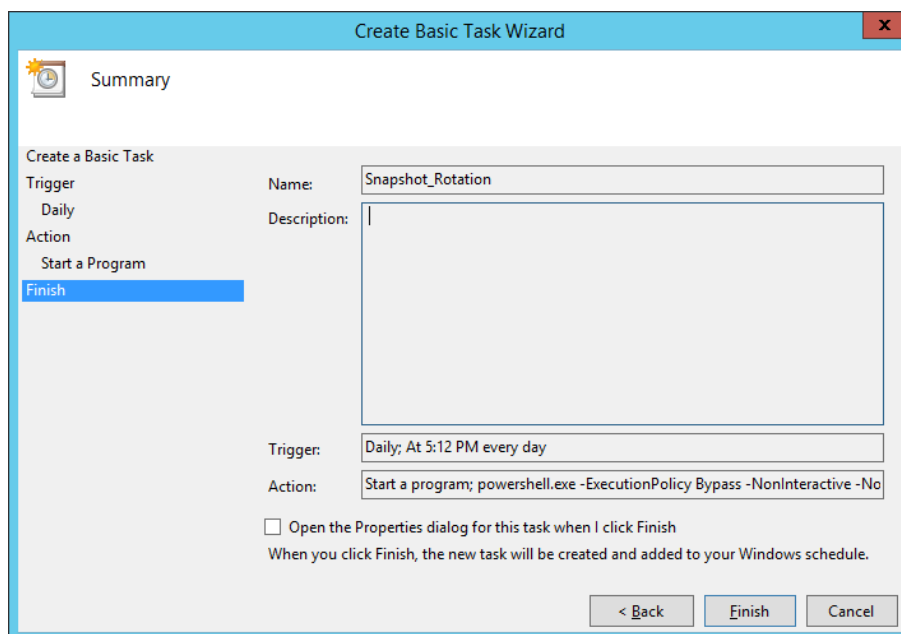
```
-ExecutionPolicy Bypass -NonInteractive -NoProfile -WindowStyle Hidden 2>&1 -File snapshot_script.ps1 | Tee-Object "C:\log\trace.log" -Append
```

This will allow to log both failed and successful runs for further troubleshooting. Here path to the log file is set to "C:\log\trace.log"

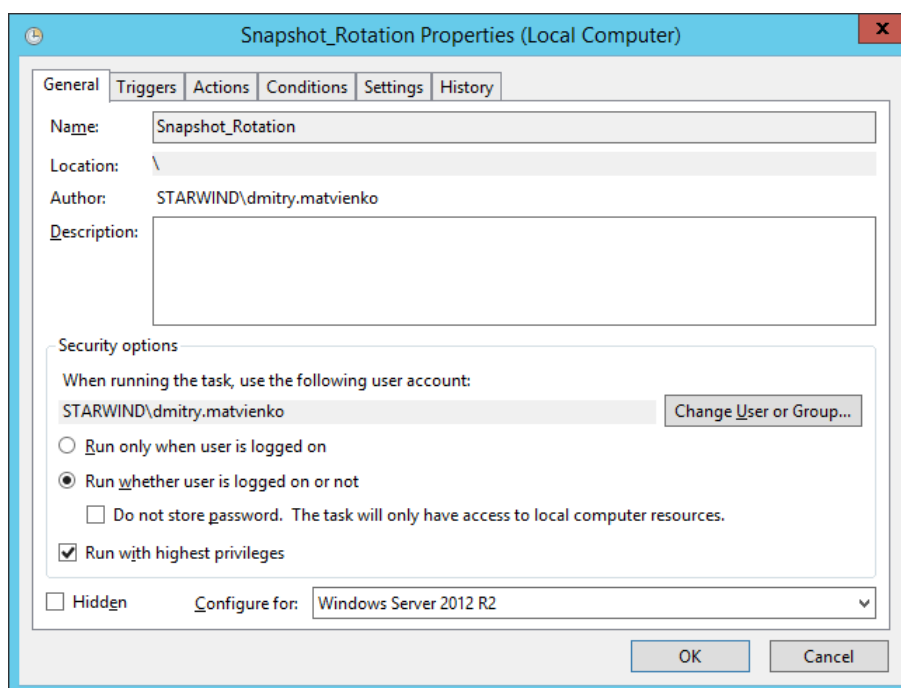


Click Next

6. Below is an overview of the resulting window:



7. Tick "Run whether user is logged or not" and "Run with highest privileges".



- Navigate to triggers tab and click "Edit Trigger". Here specify how often you would like to run the script. In the sample below script is set to run every hour on the date of creation and then once a day with no expiration date.

Edit Trigger

Begin the task: On a schedule

Settings

One time

Daily

Weekly

Monthly

Start: 9/17/2014 5:12:05 PM Synchronize across time zones

Recur every: 1 days

Advanced settings

Delay task for up to (random delay): 1 hour

Repeat task every: 1 hour for a duration of: 1 day

Stop all running tasks at end of repetition duration

Stop task if it runs longer than: 1 hour

Expire: 9/17/2015 5:26:37 PM Synchronize across time zones

Enabled

OK Cancel

- Click Ok and exit task Scheduler wizard.
- Open PowerShell as Administrator and set execution policy to unrestricted by running the command below:
Set-ExecutionPolicy unrestricted

```
Administrator: Windows PowerShell
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

PS C:\Windows\system32> Set-ExecutionPolicy unrestricted

Execution Policy Change
The execution policy helps protect you from scripts that you do not trust. Changing the execution policy might expose
you to the security risks described in the about_Execution_Policies help topic at
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=135170. Do you want to change the execution policy?
[Y] Yes. [N] No [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"): y
PS C:\Windows\system32>
```

11. Make sure the script is working as expected by checking Starwind Snapshot manager or running the script manually in powershell. There should be no errors:

Sample output:

```
17 August 2014 18:59:25 Connecting to sw-sup-sw-hv1
True
17 August 2014 18:59:26 Successfully logged onto the server
17 August 2014 18:59:26 You have 4 snapshots available
17 August 2014 18:59:26 4 is too much for you. Let's delete the oldest one
17 August 2014 18:59:26 Connecting to sw-sup-sw-hv2
True
17 August 2014 18:59:26 Successfully logged onto the server
17 August 2014 18:59:26 Removing the oldest snapshot
17 August 2014 18:59:26 Snapshot 6 has been removed
17 August 2014 18:59:26 Taking new snapshot
17 August 2014 18:59:56 Snapshot taken
```

The script will remove the latest snapshot and replace it with the new one. Note that this script will not delete all snapshots you created manually before using the script, so you'll need to remove them manually in StarWind Console.








Best practice is to periodically check snapshot logs to ensure that scheduled procedures are running correctly.

Summary

Having automated snapshot rotation saves a considerable amount of time for system administrator.

In the nearest future, such application will be added to StarWind management console. In the meantime, PowerShell scripting is a perfect workaround for this.

Contacts

| US Headquarters | EMEA and APAC |
|--|--|
|  1-617-449-7717 |  +44 20 3769 1857 (UK) |
|  1-617-507-5845 |  +49 302 1788 849 (Germany) |
| |  +33 097 7197 857 (France) |
| |  +7 495 975 94 39 (Russian Federation and CIS) |
| |  1-866-790-2646 |

Customer Support Portal: <https://www.starwind.com/support>

Support Forum: <https://www.starwind.com/forums>

Sales: sales@starwind.com

General Information: info@starwind.com



StarWind Software, Inc. 35 Village Rd., Suite 100, Middleton, MA 01949 USA www.starwind.com

©2015, StarWind Software Inc. All rights reserved.