

StarWind Virtual SAN[®] Creating VVols HA Datastore with StarWind Cluster

2024

TECHNICAL PAPERS



Trademarks

“StarWind”, “StarWind Software” and the StarWind and the StarWind Software logos are registered trademarks of StarWind Software. “StarWind LSFS” is a trademark of StarWind Software which may be registered in some jurisdictions. All other trademarks are owned by their respective owners.

Changes

The material in this document is for information only and is subject to change without notice. While reasonable efforts have been made in the preparation of this document to assure its accuracy, StarWind Software assumes no liability resulting from errors or omissions in this document, or from the use of the information contained herein. StarWind Software reserves the right to make changes in the product design without reservation and without notification to its users.

Technical Support and Services

If you have questions about installing or using this software, check this and other documents first - you will find answers to most of your questions on the [Technical Papers](#) webpage or in [StarWind Forum](#). If you need further assistance, please [contact us](#).

About StarWind

StarWind is a pioneer in virtualization and a company that participated in the development of this technology from its earliest days. Now the company is among the leading vendors of software and hardware hyper-converged solutions. The company's core product is the years-proven StarWind Virtual SAN, which allows SMB and ROBO to benefit from cost-efficient hyperconverged IT infrastructure. Having earned a reputation of reliability, StarWind created a hardware product line and is actively tapping into hyperconverged and storage appliances market. In 2016, Gartner named StarWind “Cool Vendor for Compute Platforms” following the success and popularity of StarWind HyperConverged Appliance. StarWind partners with world-known companies: Microsoft, VMware, Veeam, Intel, Dell, Mellanox, Citrix, Western Digital, etc.

Copyright ©2009-2018 StarWind Software Inc.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written consent of StarWind Software.

Introduction

This guidance will tell you how to configure HA VVols Datastore registering the StarWind VASA Provider in VMware vCenter Server and thereby facilitating communication between vCenter and the Storage. The paper will walk you through the creation of the HA Datastore using WMI and describe how to create a VVols Datastore to the vCenter.

vSphere Storage APIs for Storage Awareness (VASA) – a set of application program interfaces that supplies information for the VMware ecosystem. This integration allows to configure StarWind Virtual SAN resources as storage containers for virtual machines and provide more efficient management for the architecture simplifying storage provisioning and consumption.

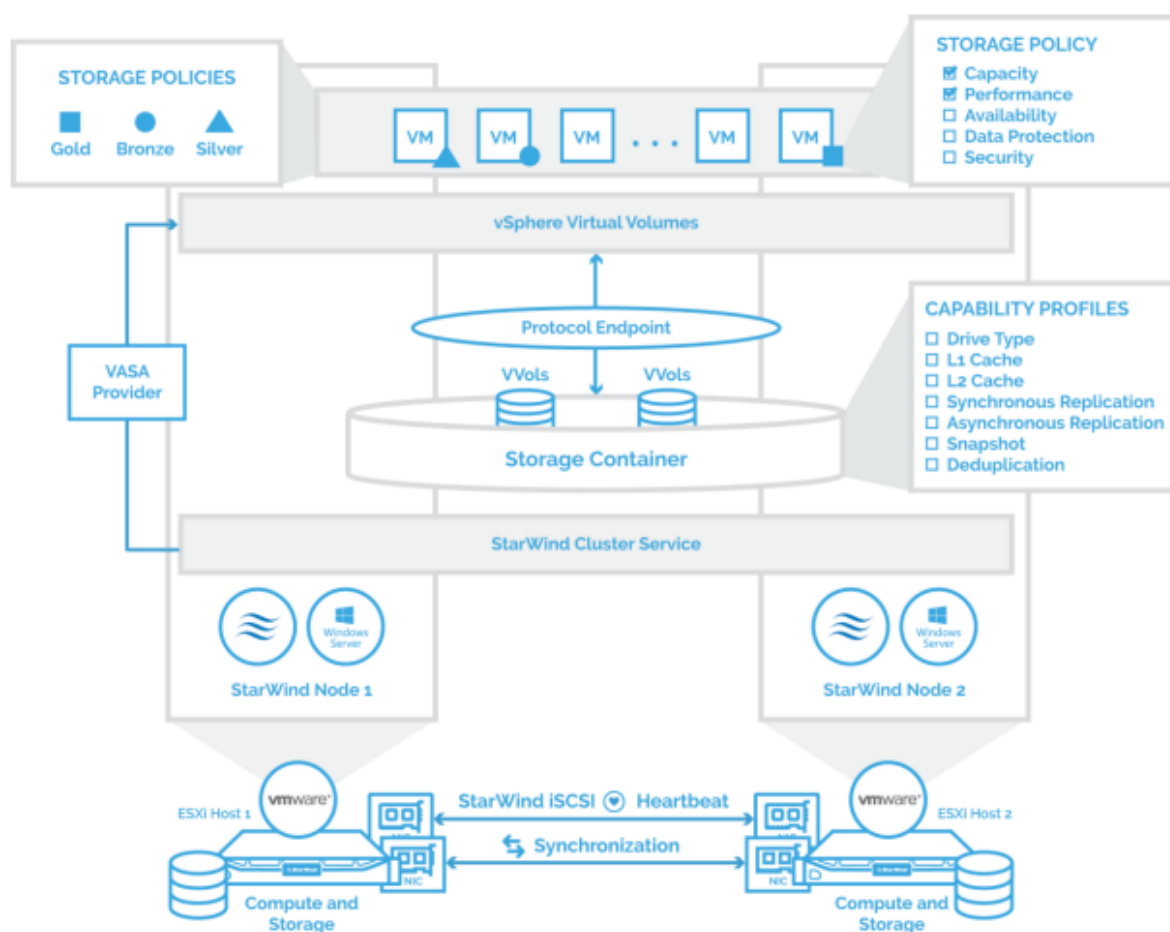
This guide is intended for experienced VMware and Windows system administrators and IT professionals who would like to configure StarWind HA VVols Datastore for vSphere deployments. It also provides a step-by-step guidance describing how to register StarWind VASA Provider in VMware vCenter Server to convert local storage of the ESXi hosts into StarWind HA VVols Datastore for ESXi.

A full set of up-to-date technical documentation can always be found [here](#), or by pressing the Help button in the StarWind Management Console.

For any technical inquiries, please visit our [online community](#), [Frequently Asked Questions](#) page, or use the [support form](#) to contact our technical support department.

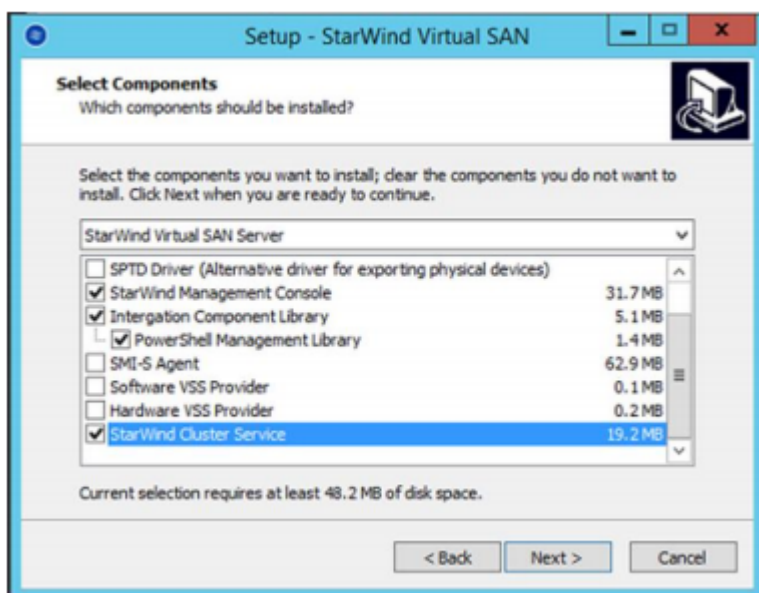
Solution Diagram

The below picture illustrates the interconnection diagram of the feature described in the guidance below.



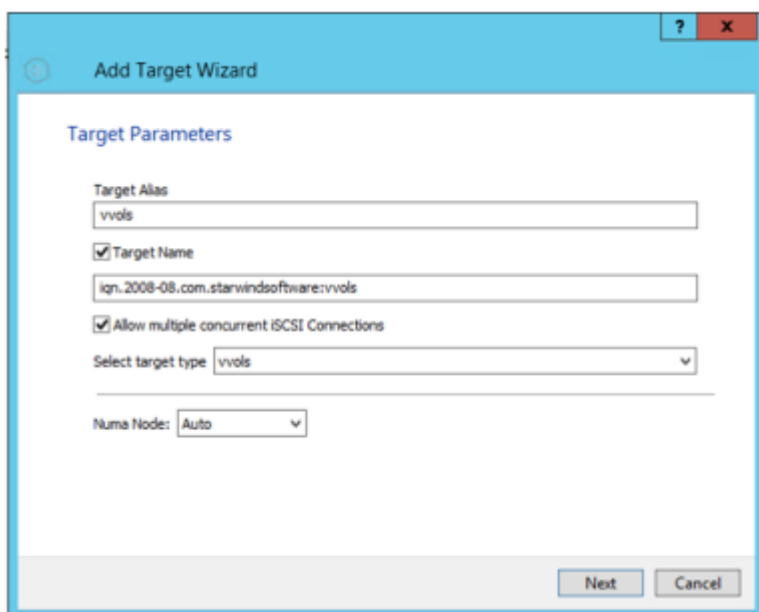
Installing Starwind Cluster Service And Creating Targets

1. To install StarWind Cluster Service, launch StarWind Virtual SAN setup and choose components specified on the screenshot below.



2. Create 2 VVols-type targets on both StarWind nodes.

NOTE: Target aliases have to match on both nodes.



Configuring Starwind Ha Datastore

1. Log into StarWind VM Controller under user with administrator rights and open command prompt.

2. To create the cluster, run the following command in the cmd specifying cluster name:
`wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call CreateCluster name="StarwindDemo" login="root" password="starwind"`

NOTE: make sure to save the clusterUid value received once the command is executed to a text file, as you will need it further in the guide.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call CreateCluster name="StarwindDemo" login="root" password="starwind"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->CreateCluster()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    clusterUid = "9e3391cb-a9dd-4929-acef-bf22858dded5";
    ReturnValue = "Success";
};
```

3. To add nodes to the StarWind cluster, use the following commands:

For the first node:

`wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call BindStorageNode name="HA Node 1" ipAddress="192.168.1.211" login="root" password="starwind" port="3261" description="HA Node 1 Desc"`

Specify the IP address of the first node and save the storageNodeUid value to the previously mentioned text file.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call BindStorageNode name="HA Node 1" ipAddress="192.168.1.211" login="root" password="starwind" port="3261" description="HA Node 1 Desc"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->BindStorageNode()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
    storageNodeUid = "88952B3E-FEB1-4A02-8729-ADA7AFF7D4BD";
};
```

For the second node:

`wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call BindStorageNode name="HA Node 2" ipAddress="192.168.0.144" login="root" password="starwind" port="3261" description="HA Node 2 Desc"`

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call BindStorageNode name="HA Node 2" ipAddress="192.168.0.144" login="root" password="starwind" port="3261" description="HA Node 2 Desc"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->BindStorageNode()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
    storageNodeUid = "70F3959B-C8FD-45A6-B8D7-03A38CABF61F";
};
```

Specify the IP address of the second node and save the storageNodeId value to the previously mentioned text file.

4. Create profiles for the storage nodes. Each node's profile specifies resources allowed to be used, as well as the purpose of the network interfaces used. Execute the following commands:

For the first node:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call
CreateStorageNodeProfile storageNodeId="88952B3E-FEB1-4A02-8729-ADA7AFF7D4BD"
creationStrategy="LoadAll" name="HA Node 1 Profile" description="HA Node 1 Profile Description"
```

Specify the storageNodeId of the first node and save the storageNodeId value to the previously mentioned text file.

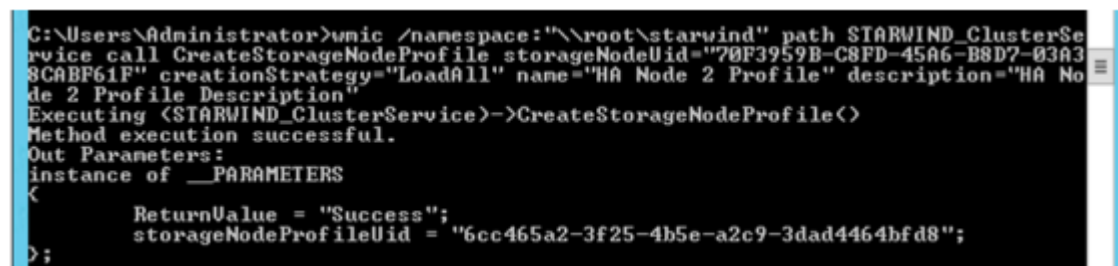


```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call CreateStorageNodeProfile storageNodeId="88952B3E-FEB1-4A02-8729-ADA7AFF7D4BD" creationStrategy="LoadAll" name="HA Node 1 Profile" description="HA Node 1 Profile Description"
Executing <STARWIND_ClusterService>->CreateStorageNodeProfile()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
    storageNodeProfileId = "7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-b32a-b2f26f59850c";
};
```

For the second node:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call
CreateStorageNodeProfile storageNodeId="70F3959B-C8FD-45A6-B8D7-03A38CABF61F"
creationStrategy="LoadAll" name="HA Node 2 Profile" description="HA Node 2 Profile Description"
```

Specify the storageNodeId of the second node and save the storageNodeId value to the previously mentioned text file.



```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call CreateStorageNodeProfile storageNodeId="70F3959B-C8FD-45A6-B8D7-03A38CABF61F" creationStrategy="LoadAll" name="HA Node 2 Profile" description="HA Node 2 Profile Description"
Executing <STARWIND_ClusterService>->CreateStorageNodeProfile()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
    storageNodeProfileId = "6cc465a2-3f25-4b5e-a2c9-3dad4464bfd8";
};
```

5. Configuring the purposes of the network interfaces.

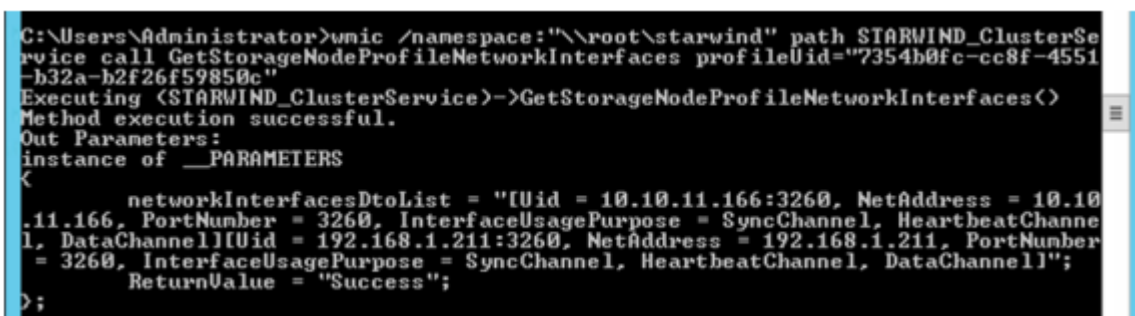
5.1 Network interfaces can be used for the following purposes: SyncChannel,

HeartbeatChannel, DataChannel. The current implementation has a requirement that prohibits creating multiple SyncChannel or HeartbeatChannel network interfaces within a single profile.

NOTE: Network SyncChannel or HeartbeatChannel usages cannot repeat in a single profile.

5.2 Run the next command specifying the storageNodeUid to see the current purposes of the network interfaces:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call
GetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaces profileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-
b32ab2f26f59850c"
```



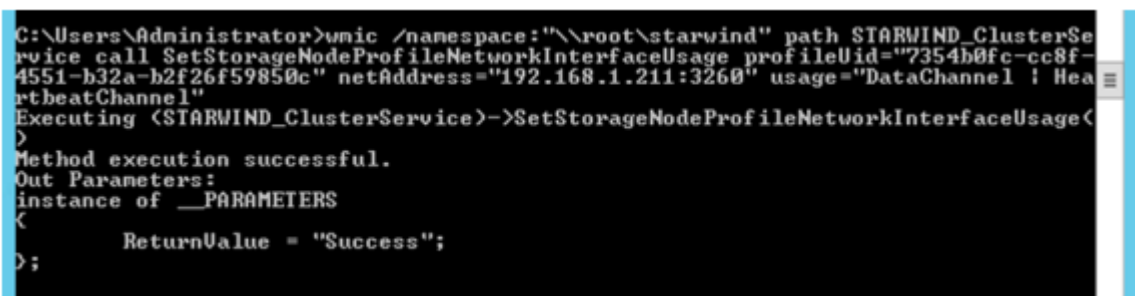
```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call GetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaces profileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-b32ab2f26f59850c"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->GetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaces()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    networkInterfacesDtoList = "[Uid = 10.10.11.166:3260, NetAddress = 10.10.11.166, PortNumber = 3260, InterfaceUsagePurpose = SyncChannel, HeartbeatChannel, DataChannel][Uid = 192.168.1.211:3260, NetAddress = 192.168.1.211, PortNumber = 3260, InterfaceUsagePurpose = SyncChannel, HeartbeatChannel, DataChannel]";
    ReturnValue = "Success";
};
```

5.3 On the first node configure one interface to be the HeartbeatChannel and Datachannel. Then, configure the second interface to be the Sync Channel.

The first interface:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call
SetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaceUsage profileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-
b32ab2f26f59850c" netAddress="192.168.1.211:3260" usage="DataChannel |
HeartbeatChannel"
```

Specify the necessary profileUid and IP address.



```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call SetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaceUsage profileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-b32ab2f26f59850c" netAddress="192.168.1.211:3260" usage="DataChannel | HeartbeatChannel"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->SetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaceUsage()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
};
```

the second interface:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call
SetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaceUsage profileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-
```


b32ab2f26f59850c" netAddress="10.10.11.166:3260" usage="SyncChannel"

Specify the necessary profileUid and IP address.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call SetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaceUsage profileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-b32a-b2f26f59850c" netAddress="10.10.11.166:3260" usage="SyncChannel"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->SetStorageNodeProfileNetworkInterfaceUsage(<
>
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
<
    ReturnValue = "Success";
>;
```

5.4 Repeat step 7.3 on the second node specifying the necessary profileUid and IP address.

Creating Datastore

1. Run the following command to create a datastore:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call CreateDatastore name="TestDatastore" sizeInMb="97280" storageNodeProfileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-b32a-b2f26f59850c" capabilityProfileUid="4E19F23A-0A84-486C-A516-DF96140C8000"
```

Specify the datastore name, size in MB, and the storageNodeProfileUid of the first node. Set capabilityProfileUid equal to "4E19F23A-0A84-486C-A516-DF96140C8000" - this is the HA profile.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call CreateDatastore name="TestDatastore" sizeInMb="97280" storageNodeProfileUid="7354b0fc-cc8f-4551-b32a-b2f26f59850c" capabilityProfileUid="4E19F23A-0A84-486C-A516-DF96140C8000"
Executing (STARWIND_ClusterService)->CreateDatastore(<
>
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
<
    datastoreUid = "73231771-01ba-40e4-8f6a-7c73d462ecf6";
    ReturnValue = "Success";
>;
```

Save the datastoreUid to the previously mentioned text file.

2. Add the second node to the datastore:

```
wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call AddStorageNodeProfileToDatastore datastoreUid="73231771-01ba-40e4-8f6a-7c73d462ecf6"
```

```
profileUid="6cc465a2-3f25-4b5e-a2c9-3dad4464bfd8"
```

Specify the storageNodeProfileUid of the second node and datastoreUid received in the previous step.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic /namespace:"\\root\\starwind" path STARWIND_ClusterService call AddStorageNodeProfileToDatastore datastoreUid="73231771-01ba-40e4-8f6a-7c73d462ecf6" profileUid="6cc465a2-3f25-4b5e-a2c9-3dad4464bfd8"
Executing <STARWIND_ClusterService>->AddStorageNodeProfileToDatastore()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
};
```

Binding Vasa Provider

1. The Vasa Provider can be bound to the MAC address of the network interface card or a Hostname.

NOTE: if using the hostname, the StarWind VM should be joined to a domain.

2. Run the following command to bind Vasa Provider to the MAC address.

```
wmic -namespace:\\root\\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call ResetVASA bindToInterfaceMAC=<target MAC>
```

Specify the NIC MAC address of the StarWind VM that will be used to register with the vCenter.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic -namespace:\\root\\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call ResetVASA bindToInterfaceMAC=005056AB30CD
Executing <STARWIND_ClusterService>->ResetVASA()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
};
```

3. If using the Hostname, run the following command:

```
wmic -namespace:\\root\\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call ResetVASA
```

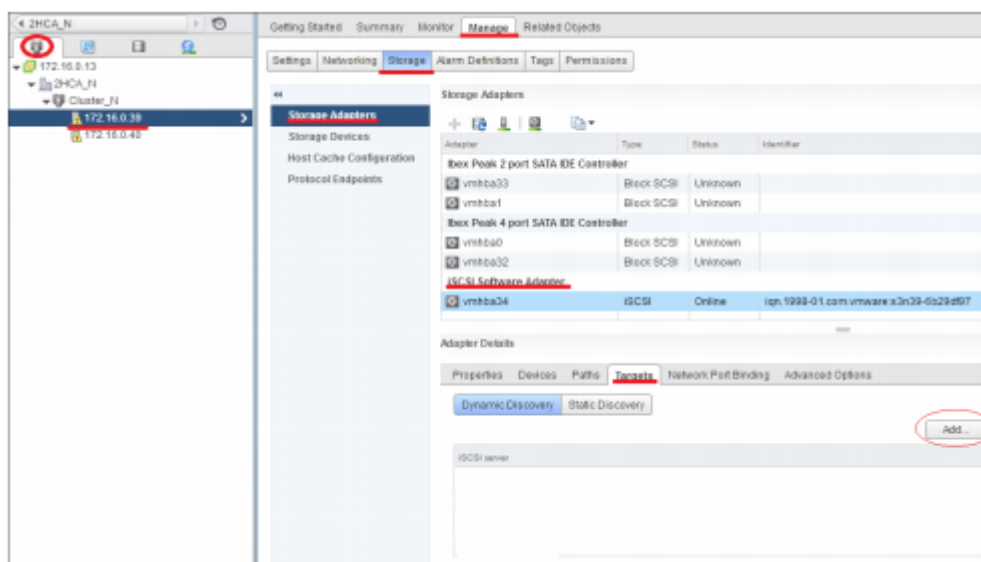
4. Run the following command to get the URL required to register the VASA Provider:

```
wmic -namespace:\\root\\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call GetVASAInfo
```

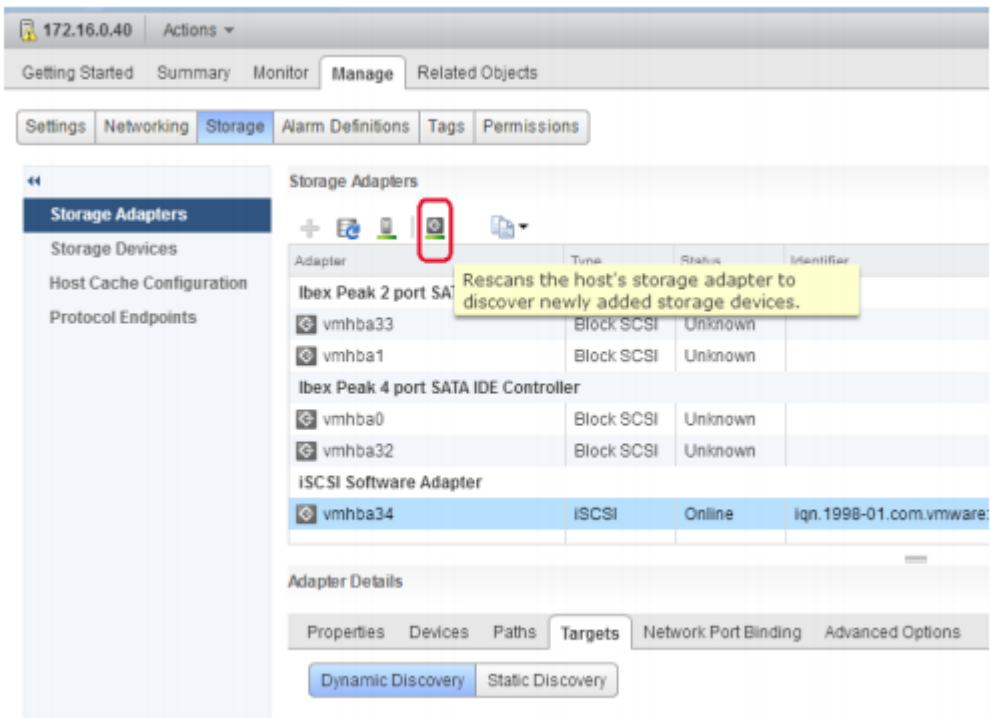
```
C:\Users\Administrator>wmic -namespace:\\root\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call GetVASAInfo
Executing <STARWIND_ClusterService>->GetVASAInfo()
Method execution successful.
Out Parameters:
instance of __PARAMETERS
{
    ReturnValue = "Success";
    serverCertificateHash = "A80296820063ECC19E679AC861223417DF90CDE0";
    VASASUrl = "https://192.168.0.144:9991/vasa";
};
```

Configuring Iscsi-Connections

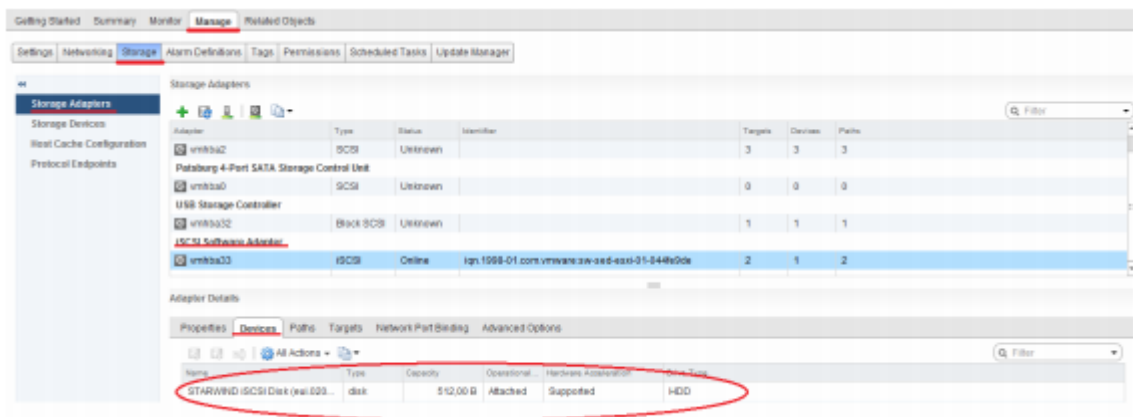
1. Log into the vCenter Server using the vSphere Web Client.
2. Connect the iSCSI Targets, created in step 2, to the ESXi hosts: add the IP addresses of StarWind nodes on each ESXi host. In our case, they are 192.168.1.211 and 192.168.0.144.



3. Re-scan Storage Adapters.

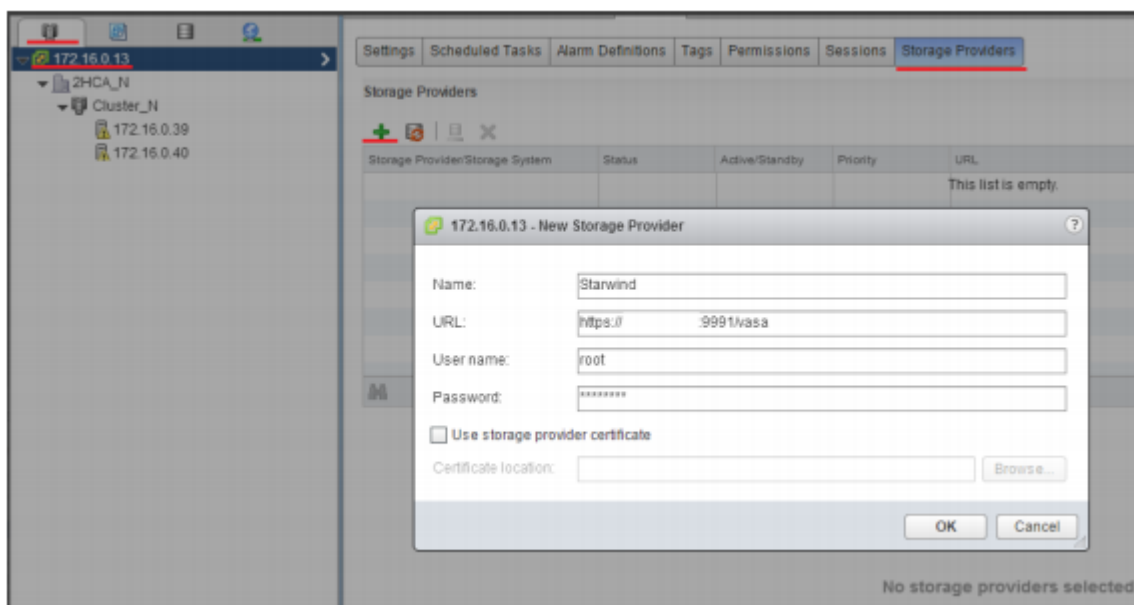


4. Check for STARWIND iSCSI Disks on each ESXi host.

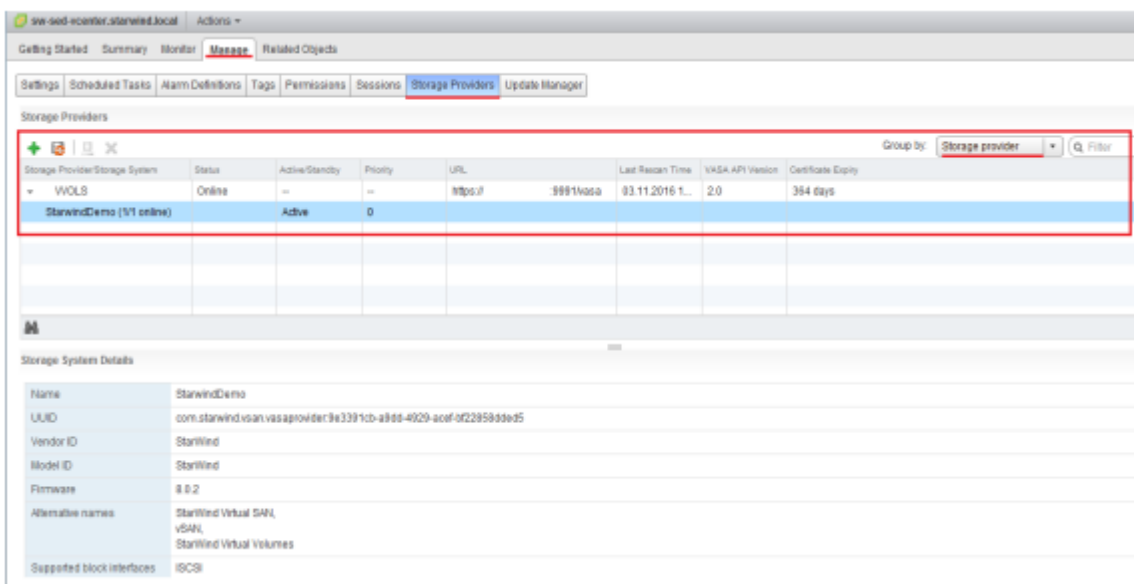


Registering Starwind Vasa Provider With Vcenter

1. To register StarWind Storage Provider, click Storage Providers and enter VASA URL you received in step 13. To fill the User name and Password fields, enter the data used in step 4, when the cluster was created.

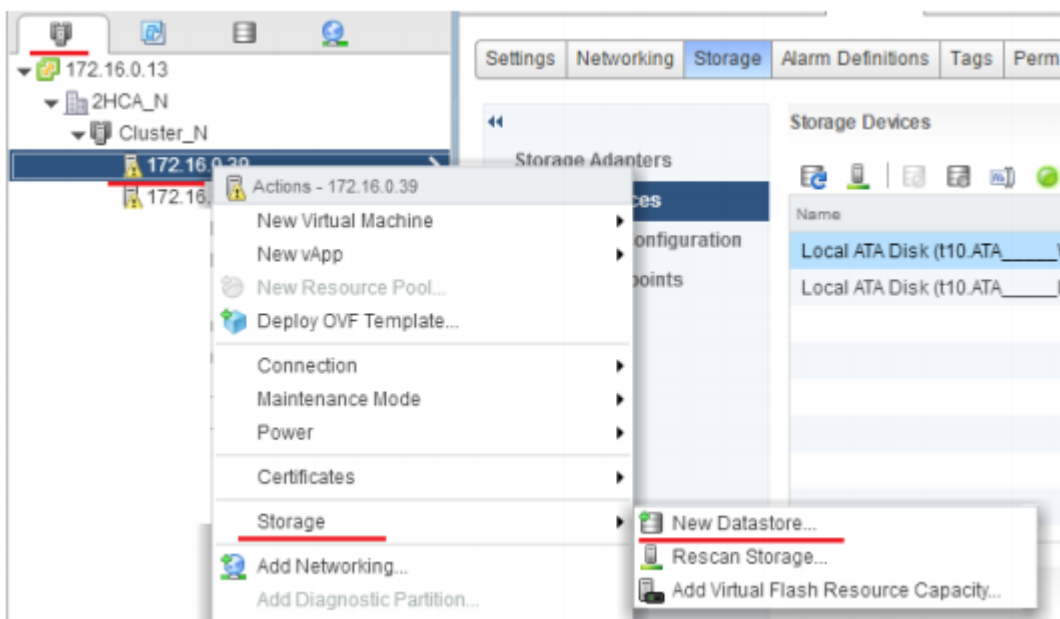


2. Accept the certificate and verify that the Provider has been successfully registered.

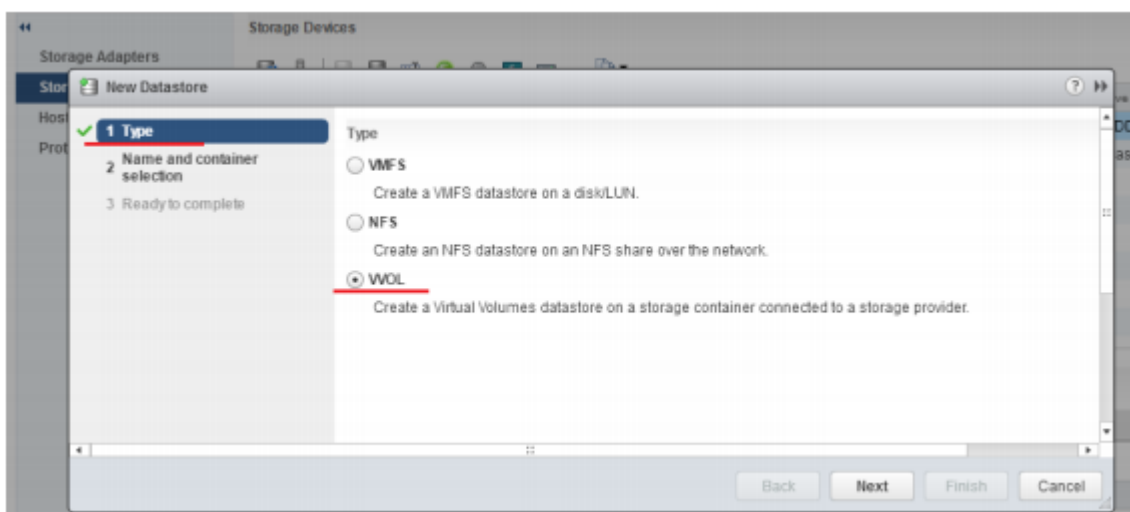


Creating Vvols Datastore

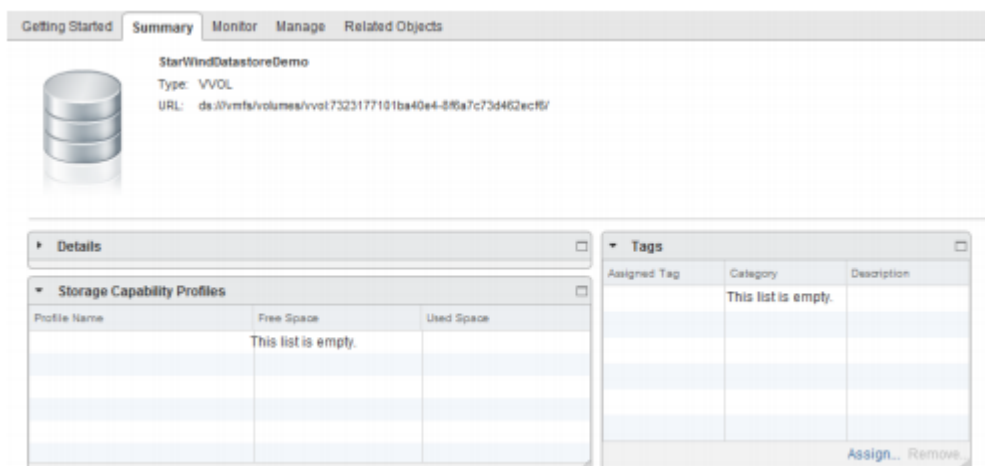
1. Right-click the server and select Storage > New Datastore from the drop-down menu.



2. Choose the Datastore Type- VVOL. Enter the new VVols Datastore name and click Finish.



3. The Datastore is successfully created.



Capability Profiles

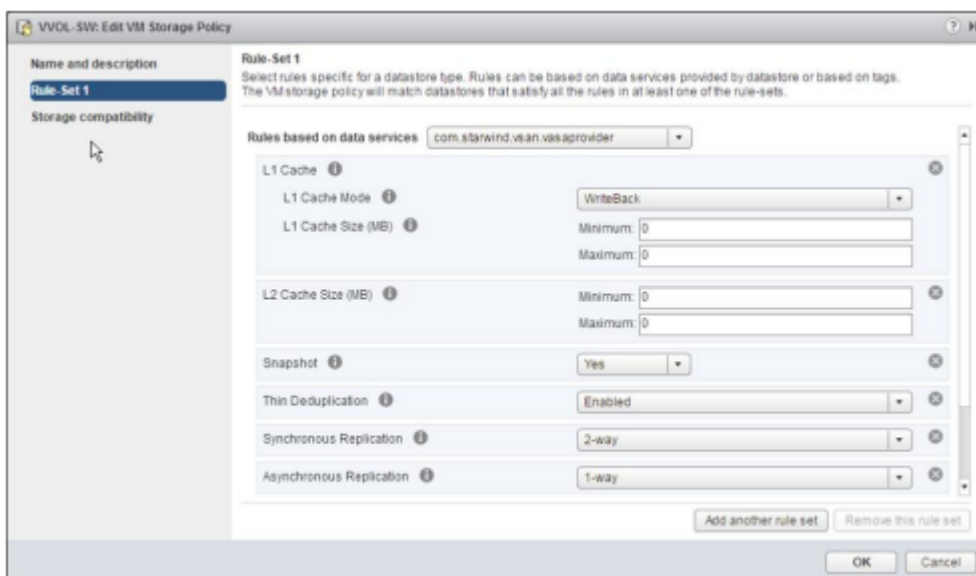
StarWind VVOLs allows you creation of two capability profiles. There are only standalone embedded preconfigured profile and highly available one.

Capability profiles define performance and capacity specifications of the VVols datastores. Such information as type of storage, caching and provisioning method can be found at profiles. For StarWind VVols datastores, these characteristics are based on storage devices. When a virtual volume is created, it is assigned a storage policy profile. The VVols datastore will show as compatible storage in vCenter or the vSphere Web Client if the associated capability profiles meet VMware storage policy requirements.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Capability profiles has to be created before you can create a VVols datastore.

StarWind supports this list of Capabilities:

- Drive Type
- L1 Cache
- L2 Cache
- Synchronous Replication
- Asynchronous Replication
- Snapshot
- Deduplication



Create Storage Policy

1. In the center panel, click the VM Storage Policies icon.
2. In the center panel, review the storage policies created by default and click the Create new VM storage policy icon.
3. In the Create New VM Storage Policy window, click the vCenter Server drop-down menu and select your assigned VMware vCenter Server name.
4. In the Name text box, specify the name for Policy and click Next.
5. On the Rule-Sets page, click Next.
6. Configure the virtual machine storage policy.
7. On the Rule-Set 1 page, click the Rules based on data services drop-down menu and select the assigned virtual volume service provider.
8. Click the Add rule drop-down menu and select capability that you want to use.
9. Repeat if you want to add additional of capabilities.
10. Click Next.
11. Click Finish.

Deploying Virtual Machine With Storage Policy

1. In the center panel, click the VMs and Template icon.
2. In the left panel, right-click your data center and select New Virtual Machine > New Virtual Machine.
3. On the select storage page, click the VM Storage Policy drop-down menu and select the preferred policy configured earlier. The virtual volume datastores are the only compatible storage options.

4. In the datastore list, select StarWind VVOL datastore and click Next.
5. On the Ready to complete page, click Finish.
6. After virtual machine creation task is completed, in the left panel, select earlier configured virtual machine.
7. In the center panel, scroll down to show the VMStoragePolicies panel. The virtual machine is in compliance with its storage policy.

Troubleshooting

To reset StarWind target settings and delete all devices you should run this command in cmd shell with administrator rights inside StarWind VM:

```
C:\Program Files\StarWind Software\Starwind\starwind_reset.cmd
```

In order to recreate the VASA Provider and all certificates for it you should use one of these commands. There are two ways how to VASA Provider can be registered – by IP address or by DNS name. Also, it would be needed to register VASA provider at another vCenter.

If you want to use IP address or you don't have Active Directory service running, you should run this command in cmd shell with administrator rights inside StarWind VM (Before this you need to get know MAC address of management NIC):

```
wmic -namespace:\\root\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call ResetVASA  
BindToInterfaceMAC=<TargetMAC>
```








In case if you have Active Directory, service implemented in your infrastructure you should use domain name. Add StarWind VM to Active Directory and use domain name for the Storage Provider registration. To reset VASA Provider by name, you should run this command in cmd shell with administrator rights inside StarWind VM:

```
wmic -namespace:\\root\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call ResetVASA
```

Also, there is command to get know information of VASA Provider – URL, certificate:

```
wmic -namespace:\\root\starwind path STARWIND_ClusterService call GetVASAInfo
```

Contacts

| US Headquarters | EMEA and APAC |
|--|---|
|  +1 617 829 44 95 |  +44 2037 691 857 (United Kingdom) |
|  +1 617 507 58 45 |  +49 800 100 68 26 (Germany) |
|  +1 866 790 26 46 |  +34 629 03 07 17 (Spain and Portugal) |
| |  +33 788 60 30 06 (France) |

Customer Support Portal: <https://www.starwind.com/support>

Support Forum: <https://www.starwind.com/forums>

Sales: sales@starwind.com

General Information: info@starwind.com



StarWind Software, Inc. 100 Cummings Center Suite 224-C Beverly MA 01915, USA
www.starwind.com ©2024, StarWind Software Inc. All rights reserved.